

# CHINA MAIL.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING, AND WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED THE "HONGKONG EVENING MAIL AND SHIPPING LIST."

VOL. XXV. No. 1892 號 一 月 七 年 九 十 六 百 八 千 一 英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, 1<sup>ST</sup> JULY, 1869.

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PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGAR, 11, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, George Street, 30, Cornhill, GORDON & GOTCH, 121, Holborn Hill, E.C. BATES HENDY & CO., 4 Old Jewry, E.C.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally:—WHITE & BAUER, San Francisco.

CHINA.—Shattock, Brown & Co., Amoy, Gurney & Co., Foochow, Thompson & Co., Shanghai, BIELFELD & KELLY, Manila, G. K. BUTH & Co.

## Arrivals.

July 1, *Shaftesbury*, Russ. steamer, 524, Atkin, Yokohama, Kobe and Nagasaki, June 19, 22 and 24, General.—LANDSTEIN & Co.

July 1, *Venus*, American steamer, 637, Hamlin, Shanghai, June 27, General.—AU-GUSTINE HARD & CO.

## Departures.

July 1, *Aden*, for Yokohama.

1, *Ottawa*, for Shanghai.

1, *Kelta*, for Whampoa.

1, *Catty Stark*, for Chefoo.

1, *Elizabeth Cushing*, for Manila.

1, *Samuel Russell*, for Shanghai.

1, *Maryna de la Victoria*, for Manila.

## Passengers.

ARRIVED.—Per *Venus*, Captain, Crowell, Sister Maria, Mrs J. Danenberg, and 36 Chinese.

## Shipping Reports.

The American steamer *Venus*, Capt. J. Hamlin, from Shanghai, reports fine weather and strong Southerly wind all the passage to Hongkong; passed the steamer *China* on 28th inst., at 2 p.m., off Strawstack bound to N.E.

The Russian steamer *Shaftesbury*, Capt. Atkin, from Yokohama, reports fine weather and strong Southerly winds all the passage to Hongkong.

## New Advertisements.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE, POINT DE GALLE AND BOMBAY.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s S.S. "ORISSA" will have quick despatch for the above port.

W. MACAULAY, Superintendent.

Hongkong, July 1, 1869.

July 8

NOTICE.

A General MEETING of the Members of the HONGKONG ASSOCIATION to receive the Report of the Committee and for the transaction of any business necessary will be held at the Rooms of the CHAMBER of COMMERCE on THURSDAY, the 8th instant at 3 p.m.

By order of the Committee

T. G. LINSTEAD,

Honorary Secretary.

Hongkong, July 1, 1869.

July 8

VICTORIA FOUNDRY,

Spring Gardens.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

M'DOUGALL & CO., ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDRIES, SHIPS' SMITHS, and GENERAL WORKERS.

Boilers made and repaired: for prices of New Boilers, apply at the Works, Spring Gardens.

Hongkong, July 1, 1869.

Oct 1

NOTICE.

M R LEONARD STALE has been admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

HESSE & CO.

Hongkong, July 1, 1869.

Oct 1

PER "MAIL."

MISS GARRETT has received, BONNETS and HATS of the latest fashion, LACE, FICHUS, MANTLES, etc., etc.

Has a large assortment of Dawson's Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's BOOTS, &c., etc.

Gentlemen's and Boys' Straw HATS.

Glenfield STARCH and STONE BLUE.

Hongkong, July 1, 1869.

Oct 1

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

In accordance with paragraph No. 110 of the Articles of Association of this Company, the half-yearly interest at the rate of 12% per annum on the paid up Capital is now due.

Watertax payable at the HONGKONG and SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, Hongkong, can be obtained at the Offices of the Company, 39 Queen's Road.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, June 30, 1869.

July 5

NOTICE.—On and after July 1st, no less quantity of ICE than six pounds will be delivered.

H. O'HARA,

Agent Tudor Co.

Ice House, Hongkong, June 30, 1869.

July 5

## New Advertisements.

THE Undersigned will not be Responsible for any Debts contracted by Crew of ship *John Bank*.

W. REYNOLDS, Master.

Hongkong, June 28, 1869.

July 5

Mrs H. S. PEEL,

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE,

Stanley Street, No. 6.

(Bentley, Mississ. Sales & Co.)

Hongkong, June 28, 1869.

28/1

FOR SALE.

GENUINE Havana CIGARS, in boxes of 50 each.

Superior CHEROOTS, in boxes of 200.

Cavite CIGARS and CHEROOTS.

Manila CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, per "French Mail".

Meerschaum PIPES and CIGAR-HOLDERS.

BIELFELD & ZACHARIE.

Hongkong, June 25, 1869.

July 5

TO LET.

A very nicely FURNISHED A HOUSE in Elgin Street.

Apply to

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, June 22, 1869.

jl6

NOTICE.

CONSULAT DE FRANCE A HONGKONG.

COLONIE DE SAIGON.

DIRECTION DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

AVIS.

LE mercredi, 1<sup>er</sup> septembre 1869, à trois heures du soir, il sera procédé dans les bureaux de la Direction de l'Intérieur, à l'adjudication, sur soumissionnées, de la librairie pour la librairie supporte que a été reçue de la compagnie de la ferme d'opium de la Cochinchine française.

Durée de l'entreprise, deux ans, à partir du 1<sup>er</sup> janvier 1870.

Le cahier des charges est déposé à la Chancellerie du Consulat, Elgin Street.

Hongkong, 24 Juin, 1869.

Le Consul de France.

1/Jul H. DU CHESNE.

NOTICE.

STAG HOTEL.

THIS Establishment having been entirely

Refurnished and much improved will be REOPENED for Business this day.

J. BAYLEY WATSON, in again taking charge of the above, begs to return his thanks to his numerous friends and the public generally for the liberal support he has received for the last ten years, and trusts that, by strict attention to cleanliness and the general comfort of his patrons, to merit a continued bound of their support.

Tiffin, ..... at 1 o'clock p.m.

Dinner, ..... at 7

N.B.—Two of HARRIS's first class Iron BILLIARD TABLES.

J. B. WATSON.

Hongkong, June 12, 1869.

NOTICE.

STAG HOTEL.

Ice Cream Drinks—Ice Cream Drinks.

THE Undersigned has just landed, and

is now in complete working order, one of Dows and Van Winkle's ICE CREAM SODA WATER APPARATUS.

He can now supply the Public at a moment's notice with the following Nectars:

Strawberry, Raspberry, Pine Apple, Orange, Lemon, Ginger, Vanilla and Sarsaparilla.

Price at the Bar, 15 cents per Glass.

J. B. WATSON.

Hongkong, June 22, 1869.

NOTICE.

PEARCE AND VINEY,

(Late of Grenville's Telegram Company.)

39 WILLIAM STREET, MELBOURNE,

TELEGRAPHIC, REPORTING, AND

GENERAL AGENTS.

AGENCIES IN ALL THE COLONIES,

At Galle, London, New York, &c.

NOTICE.

CONSULAR NOTIFICATION.

THE Undersigned, in pursuance of the

instructions of His Excellency Her

Britannic Majesty's Minister at Peking, on

Monday, the 14<sup>th</sup> June, 1869, took over

charge of British interests at the Ports of

Taewanfu and Takow, and entered on his

duties as Acting Consul.

W. M. COOPER,

BRITISH CONSULATE,

Taewanfu, June 18, 1869.

NOTICE TO BORROW.

\$500.

FOR one or two Years, 24 per cent per

annum, and good security will be

given. Apply to EDMUND R. HOLMES,

Hongkong, June 22, 1869.

NOTICE.

WANTED to BUY, 4 SHARES in the

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

State price and all particulars.

Address "A", care of China Mail Office.

Hongkong, April 26, 1869.

NOTICE.

MISS ROSE has just received a choice

assortment of Black and Colored

SILKS, BAREGE, Fancy and Muslin

DRESSES.

RIBBONS, Velvet and Dress TRIM-

MINGS in great variety.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Child-

ren's BOOTS and SHOES.

## Shipping.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

To follow the "Mary."  
The 4 " American Clipper-ship  
1312 Tons Register, Captain  
Brown, will have early  
patch for the above port.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
RUSSELL & Co.  
Hongkong, June 12, 1869. July 12

FOR SINGAPORE.

The Portuguese French brig  
"M. A."  
Capt. Ruffo will have quick  
patch for the above port.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
FREDERICO DEGENHAR.  
Hongkong, May 17, 1869.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The British ship  
"Mary,"  
Captain Townsend, will have  
quick despatch for the above  
port.  
For Freight, apply to  
RUSSELL & Co.  
Hongkong, May 27, 1869.

FOR NEW YORK.

The American Brig  
"Mary,"  
will be ready here and Whampoa  
for New York and have des-  
patch July 10, 1869.

For Freight, apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.  
Hongkong, April 10, 1869.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The American Brig  
"Mary,"  
will have quick despatch for the  
above port.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.  
Hongkong, May 7, 1869. July 12

## Notices to Consignees.

## NOTICE.

THE following cases have been landed  
and stored at the risk and expense of  
the Consignees, who are requested to take  
immediate delivery.

Ex "Cambridge," 2d February, 1869.

GFO 15885, 1 case Chemicals.

Ex "Cambridge," 28th June, 1869.

CH over NB in Triangle 360/1, 2 cases Fancy Goods.

IDS (in Diamond) 735/8.

2 cases Photographs.

Ex "G. Bertrand,"

Principal Agent.

Hongkong, June 28, 1869.

2 cases Fancy Goods.

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## TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Our columns are open to all who wish to address the public on legitimate subjects, but we do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

All communications addressed to this paper must be accompanied by the name of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but of a guarantee of good faith.

## THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1869.

## COMING EVENTS.

The virtual recall of Sir Harry Kippel

for experience leads us to believe that the "option" so kindly given him by the Admiralty is but a polite hint to resign—will naturally result in a change of the Naval policy hitherto pursued in these waters. If activity and vigour in action, a firm belief in the protective privileges of living under the British flag, and a combination of judgment and humanity in putting a stop with the least expenditure of blood and treasure

to a series of outrages upon British subjects, is to be in future a just cause for admiring and recalling his successor will naturally, unless he be a man of most uncommon metal, pursue a precisely opposite course of conduct. A junior officer, who will naturally be compelled to follow his example, and the days of active protection under the British flag will be over. The residents at the open ports, unable to count upon any effective aid in case of outrage, will for a time have to put up with any ill-treatment or violation of Treaty Rights to which they may be subjected; and for some months to come, it is probable that the official despatches to the home departments will consist of a "desirous aspect of peace, which will put the nation into the belief that the former disturbances in China were, as now asserted, caused by the injurious rashness of Vice Consuls and Lieutenants, and that if we refrain from action nothing will occur to disturb their fancied security."

The Chinese however possess a talent which is always strongly developed in an Asiatic nation, so peculiarly so in China. This talent which places them in the first rank of merchants, and for centuries enabled them to maintain a dominion of haughty superiority to the "outside barbarian," may be defined as that of making every acquisition, down to its minutest detail, the basis of a fresh addition. Commercially their cash becomes cents and their cents become "taels" in a manner which excited the admiration of the less closely calculating Western.

The single element of commercial failure in China is the passion for gambling, whether it be play pure and simple or questionable speculation in the market. Similarly, in political matters, the smallest concession, nay, the least hesitation to exact to the uttermost any right we possess, is received with a satisfaction which is proportioned to the use it may be put to as a basis for additional extortions. The sentiment of honor which so largely enters into even the worst forms of European diplomacy, does not exist amongst the Chinese as a body of politicians, and the most wary who deal with them are continually subjected to the mortification of finding themselves over-reached by neglecting to take those precautions which would be as insulting as unnecessary were a western power in question. But here again the passion for a "big venture" constantly displays itself. It may be a flagrant outrage, a mere infringement of civil rights, or what not. Yet the first thought which occurs to the Chinese statesman is to "chance" the result of refusing to interfere. "It may happen that we will put up with it, for we are notoriously averse to a fresh war; if, on the other hand, we insist they can only say we must do what we want done ourselves, etc., etc."—with a result sufficiently well known to our readers. It is impossible that the most thorough-going peacemonger can, if he have the faintest acquaintance with China, fail to see the fresh impetus which is given to this policy—now steadily pursued for ten years—by the public, and would be humiliating reprimands which have been publicly inflicted upon British officials concerned in the recent events. Yet as the trading gambler generally succeeds in losing his all, does the political gambler find that his would be gain is all loss in the end. While our parliament and people are congratulating themselves upon the good fortune and wise policy (1) which has restored peace between China and ourselves a storm is brewing which will before long burst upon their heads with a fury which will surprise even British plenip. Just as one hears the premonitory mutterings of the storm cloud ere it descends in torrents to the fierce accompaniment of crashing thunder and blinding lightning, we on the spot see and hear the warnings from which we are powerless to profit. They have even yet to go. But a few days hence one of Her Majesty's Consuls was forced to fly with his party from an infuriated mob of 300 or 400 natives who were firmly convinced that the Europeans were cooking and devouring little children. The authorities have promised to inquire into the affair, and to punish the ringleaders. But with the certain knowledge that the Consul may use no threats and can but "refer the matter to Peking," we venture to believe

that nothing will be done. To be obliged to faintly endure unmerited insult is bad enough; but when we know that the result will be fresh insult it becomes unbearable. But we may not and the home authorities will not see in petty disturbances of this nature the forecast of a coming storm. We are not, however, without consolation; for, to pursue the analogy, the atmosphere will be materially cleared when it has burst. In this belief we feel almost grateful to Earl Clarendon and the Admiralty for their recent despatches.

That those in our Police columns that a case is noticed of a kind which frequently takes up a large portion of the time of those who occupy seats on the Magistrate's bench, and which is classed amongst those known as kidnapping or child-stealing. Although it would appear strange that the Junior Magistrate did not publish any case in the above case—for it is very evident that some of the parties were guilty of giving the most absurd and maliciously false evidence—we do not purpose remarking further on that head, as it doubtless requires one of some experience in magisterial duties to distinguish between a coloured statement and a deliberately false story. But it might be advisable that such a charge should be sifted by the Protector of Chinese in the first instance, so that the entire machinery of the criminal law—from the Police Station to the Charge Room, from the Charge Room to the Police Court, the Magistrate's Office, and Records, and up to the Supreme Court in Criminal Session—might not be kept moving for half a day without any result whatever. The office of Protector of Chinese, we presume, includes such a duty—at least, many similar (and clear) cases have found their origin, and rightly so, in that quarter. It seems odd that a decision, like that recorded as having been come to by the Junior Magistrate, should have been arrived at; but it is a question whether such cases should be placed before the Magistrate in the undigested and unclassified form, and the present decision is possibly an additional reason why all similar cases should be first looked into by the Protector of the Chinese.

Mr Russell on the Bench.—Mr Russell of those peculiar cases of alleged kidnapping of a girl was before the Junior Magistrate this morning. A widow charged a married woman with having inveigled her adopted child (aged 17) away from her husband; but his Worship discharged the defendant, evidently disbelieving the complainant's story. It was however that remarkable that a complainant said she did not wish to press the charge, but that she did so because the defendant threatened to do so herself. Defendant gave as a reason why the charge was brought against her, that some nine years ago complainant had a son who was one of a gang of burglars and who wounded defendant's mother while robbing a "house" and was transported for the offence. Further, defendant alleged that because she had given evidence against this scape-grace son, the complainant had beaten the girl in order that she would say that defendant had carried her away to a passage-boat for the purpose of selling her. The steamer has not yet been fully searched, and it is feared that she succumbed to the violence of the tempest.

## TO-DAY'S POLICE.

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OAT, MUSCATEL, &amp;c. &amp;c.

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No. 1 in Caine Road, commanding a

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For Particulars apply to

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THE HOUSE No. 6, West Terrace, Caine

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Apply to

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THAT commodious Family Residence in

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Also Croquet ground, Flower, and Vi-

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100 VIEWS from Plates.

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MUNIZA Yellow METAL, 20 to 28 oz.

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LIVIANA's Patent Yellow METAL, Red

PLATES, 12 lbs. and 13 lbs. with NAILS.

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MUNIZA Yellow METAL, 16 to 28 oz.

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DAVID SASSON, SONS &amp; Co.

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GODOWNS, at Wan-chi (adjoining

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on which property, also, STORAGE can be

had at moderate terms.

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For Sale from Store, or delivered on Board,

ENGLISH, INDIA, BENGAL, CHIN-

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Apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; Co.

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HAS on hand a large Stock of COAL of

the best quality, and is prepared to sup-

ply Steamers and Sailing Vessels with quick

dispatch. At Current Rates, or deliver the

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Treaty Port in China.

The Dept. drawing supplies from the

best Mine, only, intends to provide a su-

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GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; Co., Agents.

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NOTICE.

ESTABLISHED HALF A CENTURY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT,

FOR CHINIAN AND INDIAN CONDIMENTS.

Nankee, Namely,

Frieded Club Chutney

Per hhd. £25.

Cashmere Chutney

Per doz. qt. 30s.

Pindare Chutney

Per doz. qt. 21s.

Oil Skinner's Chutney

Per lb. 4s.

Major Gray's Chutney

Per lb. 2s.

Pickled Mangoes, 100 in barrel

20s.

Whilgatoo Paste

Per hhd. 42s.

Curry Paste

Per doz. qt. 30s.

Curry Powder

Per lb. 4s.

Tamarind Fish, 100

20s.

Tamarind Fish, 100 in barrel

20s.

Tamarind Fish, 1 gal. square

20s.

Mango Fish, Rose

bottle. 7s.

Smoked Mango Fish

do. 11s.

Chili Pepper

Per bottle. 2s.

Cayenne Pepper

Per bottle. 2s.

The CHAMBERS AND JELLIES

do. 1d. per lb. 1-lb. time.

Guava Jelly

do. 1d. per lb.

Tinned Jam

do. 1d. per lb.

Preserved Limes

do. 1d. per lb.

Frieded Mangoes

do. 2s. 2d. 24s.

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do. 2s. 2d. 24s.

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do. 2s. 2d. 24s.

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Chutneys, Curry Powders, and

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Have always on hand a large Stock of

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WHITE HOUSE, built from the 1st Octo-

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